

Description

The XPX3P10AS uses advanced trench

technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$, low gate

charge and operation with gate voltages as low as

5V. This device is suitable for use as a

Battery protection or in other Switching application.



 $V_{DS} = -100V I_{D} = -3A$

 $R_{DS(ON)}$ < 260m Ω @ V_{GS} =-10V

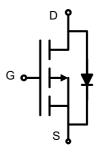
Application

Battery protection

Load switch

Uninterruptible power supply





Schematic diagram

Package Marking and Ordering Information

	<u> </u>		
Product ID	Pack	Marking	Qty(PCS)
XPX3P10AS	SOT-23-3L	XPX3P10AS	3000

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_C=25°Cunless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
VDS	Drain-Source Voltage	-100	V
V _G s	Gate-Source Voltage	±20	V
I _D @T _A =25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ -10V ¹	-3	Α
I _D @T _A =70°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ -10V ¹	-1.7	Α
Ідм	Pulsed Drain Current ²	-9	Α
P _D @T _A =25°C	Total Power Dissipation ³	1.5	W
Тѕтс	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
Reja	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient ¹	125	°C/W
Rejc	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case ¹	80	°C/W



Electrical Characteristics (T_J=25°C, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
BVDSS	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V _{GS} =0V , I _D =-250uA	-100	-111		V
△BVDSS/△TJ	BVDSS Temperature Coefficient	Reference to 25°C , I _D =-1mA		-0.0624		V/°C
RDS(ON)	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ²	V _{GS} =-10V , I _D =-3A	1	260	350	mΩ
1120(011)	Ciano Brain Course on Resistance	V _{GS} =-4.5V , I _D =-2A		320	400	11132
VGS(th)	Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{GS} =V _{DS} , I _D =-250uA	-1.2	-1.9	-2.5	V
$\triangle V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})} \\ \text{Temperature Coefficient}$	VGS=VDS , ID ==230UA		4.5		mV/°C
IDSS	Drain-Source Leakage Current	V _{DS} =-100V , V _{GS} =0V , T _J =25°C			1	uA
1033		V _{DS} =-100V , V _{GS} =0V , T _J =100°C			100	
IGSS	Gate-Source Leakage Current	V_{GS} =±20 V , V_{DS} =0 V			±100	nA
gfs	Forward Transconductance	V _{DS} =-5V , I _D =-0.8A		3		S
Rg	Gate Resistance	V _{DS} =0V , V _{GS} =0V , f=1MHz		16	32	Ω
Qg	Total Gate Charge (-4.5V)	V _{DS} =-15V , V _{GS} =-4.5V , I _D =-0.5A		4.5		
Qgs	Gate-Source Charge			1.14		nC
Qgd	Gate-Drain Charge	1		1.5		
Td(on)	Turn-On Delay Time			17.6		
Tr	Rise Time	V_{DD} =-50V , V_{GS} =-10V , R_{G} =3.3 Ω		2.7		20
Td(off)	Turn-Off Delay Time	I _D =-0.5A		4.5		ns
Tf	Fall Time	1		3		
Ciss	Input Capacitance			551		
Coss	Output Capacitance	V _{DS} =-15V , V _{GS} =0V , f=1MHz		56		pF
Crss	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	1		35		
IS	Continuous Source Current ^{1,4}	V _G =V _D =0V , Force Current			-3	Α
ISM	Pulsed Source Current ^{2,4}				-9	Α
VSD	Diode Forward Voltage ²	V _{GS} =0V , I _S =-1A , T _J =25°C			-1.3	V

Note:

- 1. The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
- $2 \sqrt{100}$ The data tested by pulsed , pulse width $\leqq 300 us$, duty cycle $\leqq 2\%$
- $3 \, {\rm ^{\circ}}$ The power dissipation is limited by 150 ${\rm ^{\circ}}\text{C}$ junction temperature
- 4. The data is theoretically the same as I_D and I_{DM}, in real applications, should be limited by total power dissipation.



Typical Characteristics

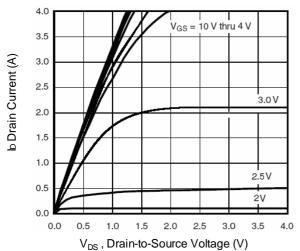


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

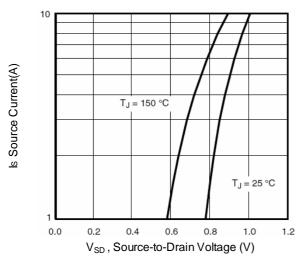
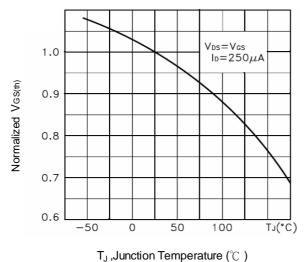


Fig.3 Forward Characteristics of Reverse



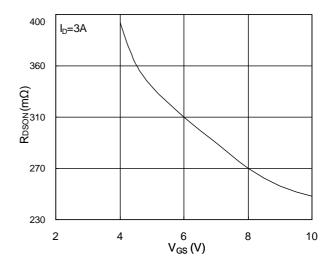


Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source

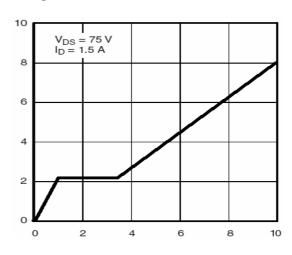
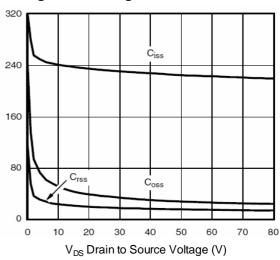


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics





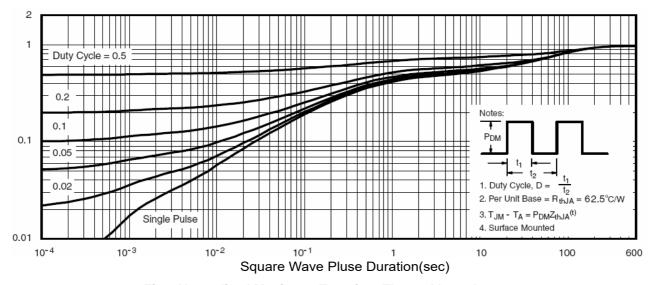


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

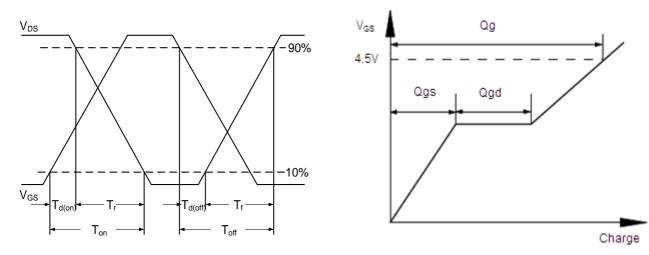
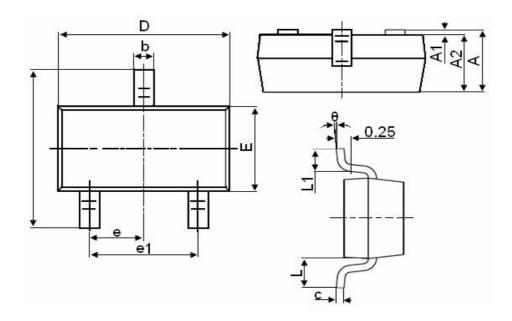


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

Fig.11 Gate Charge Waveform





Symbol	Dimensions in Millimeters	
	MIN.	MAX.
А	0.900	1.150
A1	0.000	0.100
A2	0.900	1.050
b	0.300	0.500
С	0.080	0.150
D	2.800	3.000
Е	1.200	1.400
E1	2.250	2.550
е	0.950TYP	
e1	1.800	2.000
L	0.550REF	
L1	0.300	0.500
θ	0°	8°



Flow (wave) soldering (solder dipping)

Product	Peak Temperature	Dipping Time
Pb device	245 ℃ ±5 ℃	5sec±1sec
Pb-Free device	260℃+0/-5℃	5sec±1sec



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD UniverChip Corporation recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedure can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

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