



# **Dual P-Channel Enhancement Mode MOSFET**

### Features

 $V_{DS} = -15V$ 

 $I_{D} = -4.6A$ 

 $\boldsymbol{R}_{\text{DS(ON)}}$ 

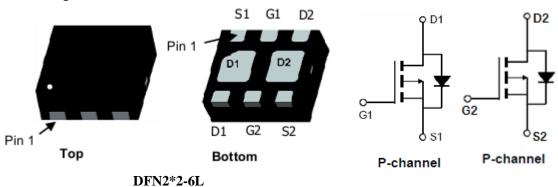
 $V_{GS}$ = -4.5V, TYP 47 m $\Omega$ 

 $V_{GS}$ = -2.5V, TYP 61 m $\Omega$ 

# General Description

- Power Management
- Portable Equipment

# • Pin Configurations



# Absolute Maximum Ratings @T<sub>A</sub>=25 ℃ unless otherwise noted

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DSS</sub>	-15	V
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GSS}$	±10	V
Drain Current (Continuous) *AC	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		-4.6	۸
	T <sub>A</sub> =100°C	l <sub>D</sub>	-2.9	A
Drain Current (Pulse) *B		I <sub>DM</sub>	-15	А
Power Dissipation	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	1.9	W
Operating Temperature/ Storage Temperature		T <sub>J</sub> /T <sub>STG</sub>	-55~150	$^{\circ}$ C

### Thermal Resistance Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Unit
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	t ≤ 5 s	R <sub>thJA</sub>	65	°C/W



### • Electrical Characteristics @T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Static						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_{D} = -250\mu A$	-15			V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = -15V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V			-1	μΑ
Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(TH)</sub>	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ , $I_{DS} = -250\mu A$	-0.4	-0.62	-1	V
Gate Leakage Current	I <sub>GSS</sub>	Vgs= ±10V, Vps=0V			±100	nA
Drain-Source On-state Resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = -4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> = -2.8A		47	61	mΩ
	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = -2.5V, I <sub>D</sub> = -2A		61	80	mΩ
Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	Isp= -1A , Vgs=0V		-0.63	-1.2	V
Diode Forward Current *AC	Is	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C			-3	Α
Switching						
Total Gate Charge	Qg	Vpc 40.V/ Vcc 4.5.V/		9.5		nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	VDS = - 10 V, VGS = - 4.5 V,		1.4		nC
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$	1 ID = - 4.9 A		2.3		nC
Turn-on Delay Time	t <sub>d (on)</sub>			15		ns
Turn-on Rise Time	tr	$VDD = -10 \text{ V}, \text{ RL} = 2.6\Omega$		16		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t <sub>d( off )</sub>	ID $\approx$ - 3.9 A, VGEN = - 4.5 V, Rg = 1 $\Omega$		30		ns
Turn-Off Fall Time	tf			10		ns
Dynamic						
Input Capacitance	Ciss			781		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	VDS = -10 V, VGS = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		98		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss			96		pF

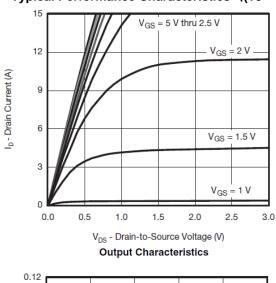
A: The value of R  $_{\theta}$  JA is measured with the device mounted on 1in $^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with TA=25°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

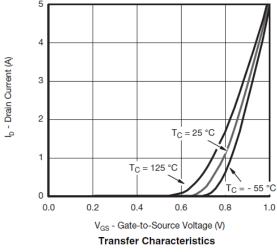
B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

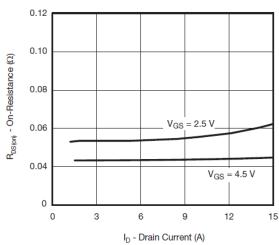
C: The current rating is based on the t≤ 10s junction to ambient thermal resistance rating, Package Limited -4.5A.

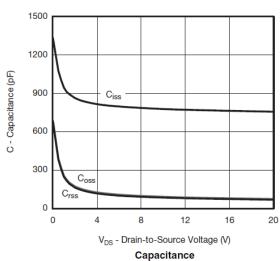


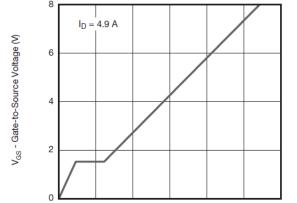
# Typical Performance Characteristics ((TJ = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted))











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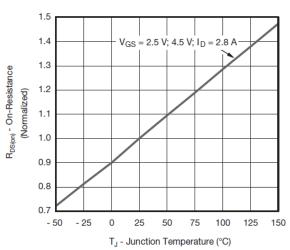
Q<sub>a</sub> - Total Gate Charge (nC)

**Gate Charge** 

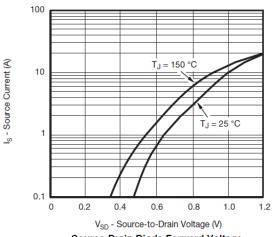
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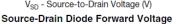
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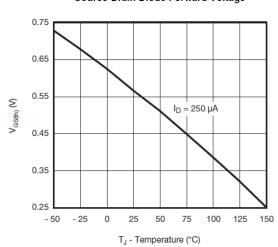
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage







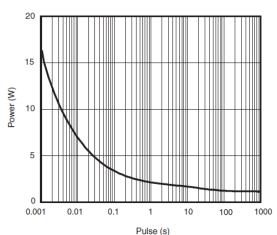




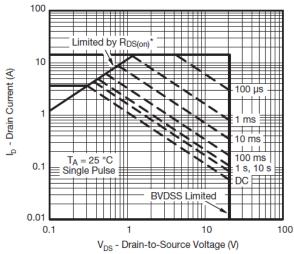
Threshold Voltage

0.12 0.12 R<sub>DS(on)</sub> - On-Resistance (Ω) I<sub>D</sub> = 3.8 A; T<sub>J</sub> = 25 °C 0.10  $I_D = 3.8 \text{ A}; T_J = 125 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 0.08 0.06 0.04 0.00 0 V<sub>GS</sub> - Gate-to-Source Voltage (V)

On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient

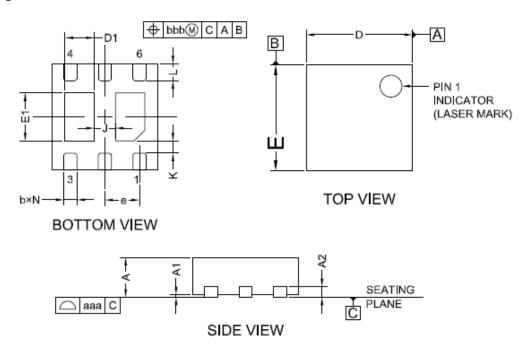


\*  $V_{GS}$  > minimum  $V_{GS}$  at which  $R_{DS(on)}$  is specified

Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient



# Package Information



COMMON DIMENSIONS (UNITS OF MEASURE=MILLIMETER)

SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Α	0,70	0.75	0.80	
A1	0,00	0.02	0.05	
A2	0,203			
b	0,225	0.275	0.325	
D	1,95	2.00	2.05	
D1	0,50	0.55	0.60	
E	1,95	2.00	2.05	
E1	0.85	0.90	0.95	
е	0.65BSC			
L	0.27 0.32 0.37			
J	0.40BSC			
K	0.20MIN			
N	6			
aaa	0.08			
bbb	0.10			

#### NOTES:

- 1.CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS(ANGLES IN DEGREES).
- 2. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS THE TERMINALS.



Flow (wave) soldering (solder dipping)

Product	Peak Temperature	Dipping Time
Pb device	<b>245℃±5℃</b>	5sec±1sec
Pb-Free device	260℃+0/-5℃	5sec±1sec



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD UniverChip Corporation recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedure can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

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